

Analytical Reference Materials International

Certificate of Analysis Certified Reference Material



Grade: **CDA 485 / UNS C48500**

Part Number (Q.A. NO.): **IARM 76C**

Certificate Date: **04/03/2008**

Certificate No.: **76C-04032008-IARM-F**

Revision Date: **04/15/2009**

Interpretation of Data

1. Certified values listed below reflect analysis results submitted by qualified analytical laboratories using a combination of methods and instrumentation that emulate actual methods and instrumental techniques currently utilized in the analytical community and are reported as % wt. unless otherwise noted.
2. Any data reported and enclosed by a **parentheses ()** is a **"best estimate"** and is **NOT CERTIFIED**. This data could not be quantified sufficiently for certification. It was however, reported by enough laboratories to be considered as potentially present in the matrix of the material being examined.
3. The "Inter-laboratory Analysis Program" (ILAP) utilized in the establishment of the data are an ongoing program with permanent membership. Certain elements may be selected by a consensus of the members for more extensive testing. Therefore the data in **brackets []** indicates **further testing is in process**.
4. The **"±Estimated Uncertainty"** is enclosed by a **parentheses ()** below the individual **element's concentration** and is based on a Confidence Interval at 95%. Included in this estimated uncertainty, are the combined effects of method imprecision, material inhomogeneity, and any bias between methods.

Important: A "User Registration Card" accompanies all shipments. This card should be completed immediately upon receipt of materials with the appropriate user information. This is the only way in which ARMI can guarantee customer updates or possible data modifications!

<u>Aluminum</u> (0.004)	<u>Antimony</u> (0.004)	<u>Arsenic</u> (0.003)	<u>Bismuth</u>	<u>Carbon</u> 0.003 (0.001)	<u>Chromium</u>	<u>Cobalt</u>
<u>Copper</u> 60.4 (0.2)	<u>Iron</u> 0.013 (0.002)	<u>Lead</u> 1.6 (0.03)	<u>Manganese</u> (0.001)	<u>Nickel</u> 0.003 (0.001)	<u>Nitrogen</u>	<u>Oxygen</u> <0.005
<u>Phosphorus</u> 0.003 (0.001)	<u>Sulfur</u> (0.001)	<u>Silicon</u> (0.003)	<u>Silver</u> (0.002) ((0.002))	<u>Tin</u> 0.66 (0.01)	<u>Zinc</u> 37.2 (0.2)	<u>Zirconium</u>

The laboratories participating in the "Inter-Laboratory Analysis Program" (ILAP) and certification of this material are as follows:

Anderson Laboratories, Inc. - Greendale, WI	Bodycote Testing - Chicago, IL
Bodycote Testing - Gary, IN	I. Schumann & Company - Bedford, OH
Laboratory Testing, Inc. - Hatfield, PA	MetalTek International, Inc. - Waukesha, WI
Riverside Brass & Aluminum Foundry Ltd. - New Hamburg, ON	Ruukki Production - Raahe, Finland
Sipi-Metals Corp - Chicago, IL	Special Metals IncoTest - Hereford, UK
Spectrochemical Laboratories - Pittsburgh, PA	The Ingot Co. - Weston, ON

Traceability: All members of the "Inter-Laboratory Analysis Program" (ILAP) listed above validate test methods and instrument performance utilizing SRMs produced by the National Institute of Standards and Technology, (NIST) as well as other CRMs and RMs produced by recognized Certifying Bodies from around the world. The specific SRMs, CRMs, and RMs applicable to the material covered by this certificate are: NIST 111G, MBF 38X05, BNF 50X31, 52X54, MBH 4004, 11224, IARM 83B, 87B, ALPHA AR 673, EU 097-1, TH 1045, LECO 501-550, BCS 351, 454/1, 462/1, LECO 501-552, 502-102, 501-147, NIST 1103, 1091A, 133A, IARM 75B, 202A, MBH 31X78352A, LECO 501-503, 501-643, ALPHA AR512, IARM 76A, 76B, LECO 502-148, 501-550, NIST 37D, 131F, BAM 222, BCS 179/2, 390, IARM 76B, 76A, MBH 178700, LECO 501-553, 501-551, IARM 76B, 83B, GBW 02116, 31X7835-1, NIST 1121, 164A, 1276, 62D, 184, 63C, 37E, IARM 93B, 91B, LECO 501-148, 502-148, UZ 35, UZ 53, UZ 560, C30.01, C30.21, C30.25, CC865, 485, 857A, L2, L4, L5, LH5, LH7, B1, B13, WS B1, WS B2, WS B3, NIST 37D, 62C, 124C, BS 857, 8571, 863A, CDA 675, CC B571, BCS 179/2, IARM 75A, BS 485, LECO 502-148, 501-550, IARM 76B.

A specific line of traceability is established to NIST and other Certifying Bodies for those elements that are noted as "Certified Values" on the Certificates of Analyses referenced above.

See Reverse Side for Statistical Data and Additional Information Regarding this Material.

The following data and accompanying statements represent all pertinent information reported in the ILAP as it applies to the chemical characterization of this material as of 04/15/2009.

76C	Ag	Al	As	Be	Bi	C	Co	Cr	Cu	Fe	Mn	Nb	Ni	P	Pb
1	0.001	0.0042	0.0045	0.0008	0.014	0.0010	0.0030	0.0013	60.54	0.01	0.0010	0.0189	0.0024	0.0035	1.68
2	0.0016	0.0038	0.0013	<0.001	<0.0001	0.0032	<0.001	<0.001	60.39	0.012	0.001		0.003	0.003	1.62
3	0.003	0.0040	0.0014	<0.0001	<0.001	0.0057	0.0010	0.0002	60.3	0.016	0.0008		0.0035	0.001	1.56
4	0.0013	0.0027	0.006	<0.0005	0.0018	0.003	0.0007	0.002	60.92	0.0085	0.0017		0.0026	0.0015	1.53
5	0.004	0.003	0.0045		<0.0005	0.0010	0.0002	0.0004	60.59	0.0104	0.0001		0.004	0.0030	1.650
6			0.0021		<0.005	0.001	<0.001	0.002	60.955	0.018	0.0025		0.002	0.0027	1.644
7					<0.0010	0.0031	<0.0005	<0.0005	60.415	0.0115	0.001		0.0044	0.004	1.65
8						0.0039	<0.0010	<0.0010	60.13	0.015			0.0020	0.0023	1.655
9									60.08	0.014				0.0051	1.57
10									60.016						1.58
11															1.601
12															1.53
13															1.527
Mean	0.0022	0.0035	0.0033	0.0008	0.0079	0.0027	0.0012	0.0012	60.4286	0.0128	0.0012	0.0189	0.0030	0.0029	1.5998
STDV.	0.0013	0.0007	0.0020		0.0086	0.0017	0.0012	0.0009	0.3286	0.0031	0.0008		0.0009	0.0012	0.0538
Certified	(0.002)	(0.004)	(0.003)			0.003			60.4	0.013	(0.001)		0.003	0.003	1.6
95% C.I.						0.001			0.2	0.002			0.001	0.001	0.03
Methods	X,D,I	I,O	I,O			C,O			X,W,G,A,I,O	X,I,O	X,I,O		X,I,O	X,I,O	X,I,O

Legend: W = Classical, C = Combustion, F = Fusion, A = AA or GFAA, I = ICP or DCP, D = DC Arc, O = OE, X = XRF, G = GDMS, H = Hollow Cathode OE

76C	S	Sb	Se	Si	Sn	Zn	B	Cd	Mg	Mo	N	O	Ti	Te	Zr
1	0.0022	0.007	0.0041	0.0009	0.68	37.19	0.0030	0.0013	<0.001	<0.0001	0.0001	0.0016	0.001	<0.0001	0.006
2	0.0003	0.0019	<0.001	0.0065	0.641	37.30	<0.01	<0.001	<0.001		0.00035	0.0002	<0.001	<0.001	<0.0001
3	0.0001	0.004	0.0009	0.0046	0.65	37.112		<0.001	0.0002		0.0010	0.00005	0.0003		<0.001
4	0.0004	0.004		0.001	0.655	37.00		0.0005	<0.001		0.0001	0.0054			<0.001
5	0.0001	0.005		0.0035	0.648	36.948		<0.0010	0.0003			0.0050			
6	0.0030	0.0050		0.0019	0.648	36.69			0.001						
7	0.0012				0.660	37.3833			<0.0010						
8	0.0016				0.68	37.5									
9					0.69	37.48									
10					0.654	36.948									
11					0.671	37.790									
12					0.613	37.25									
13					0.644	37.28									
Mean	0.0011	0.0045	0.0025	0.0031	0.6565	37.2209	0.0030	0.0009	0.0005		0.0004	0.0025	0.0007		0.0060
STDV.	0.0011	0.0017	0.0023	0.0022	0.0203	0.2884		0.0006	0.0004		0.0004	0.0026	0.0005		
Certified	(0.001)	(0.004)		(0.003)	0.66	37.2						<0.005			
95% C.I.					0.01	0.2									
Methods	C,O	A,I,O		I,O	X,A,I,O	X,A,I,O						F			

Legend: W = Classical, C = Combustion, F = Fusion, A = AA or GFAA, I = ICP or DCP, D = DC Arc, O = OE, X = XRF, G = GDMS, H = Hollow Cathode OE

The International Standards Organization (ISO) definitions, expressed in ISO Guide 30-1992 list the following:

Certifying Body: Any technically competent body (organization or firm, public or private) that issues a reference material certificate which provides the information detailed in ISO Guide 31. The only generally accepted certifying body in the United States for primary standards - Standard Reference Materials (SRM) is the U. S. Department of Commerce, National Institute of Standards & Technology, (NIST), Gaithersburg, MD. All other certifying bodies in the United States produce Reference Materials (RM) or Certified Reference Materials (CRM).

Reference Material (RM): Material or substance one or more of whose property values are sufficiently homogeneous and well established to be used for the calibration of an apparatus, the assessment of a measurement method, or for assigning values to materials.

Certified Reference Material (CRM): Reference material, accompanied by a certificate, one or more of whose property values are certified by a procedure which establishes its traceability to an accurate realization of the unit in which the property values are expressed, and for which each certified value is accompanied by an uncertainty at a stated level of confidence.

Inter-Laboratory Analysis Program (ILAP): Although ASTM Standard E691-87 applies to inter-laboratory studies to "Determine the Precision of a Single Test Method", it is also a well thought out and logical plan for conducting an inter-laboratory program involving multiple techniques. Therefore, the planning, conducting, analyzing, protocol, and treatment of data resulting from this inter-laboratory program were performed utilizing the guidelines established in ASTM E691-87.

Methods of Analysis: In view of the fact, that the "Inter-Laboratory Analysis Program" entails a wide variety of materials, no single analytical method would provide optimum data results. Therefore, the methods utilized were a combination of ASTM Standard Methods for classical wet chemistry, ICP, AA, Optical Emission, and X-Ray spectrometric methods. The determinations for Carbon, Sulfur, Nitrogen, and Oxygen are the result of combustion instrument procedures.

Expiration of Certification: The certification of this IARM is valid indefinitely, within the uncertainty specified, provided the IARM is handled and stored in accordance with the instructions stated on this certificate. The certification is nullified if the IARM is damaged, contaminated, otherwise modified, or used in a manner for which it was not intended.

Instructions for Use: The test surface is the side opposite to the labeled surface, which includes the IARM number. The entire thickness of the unit is certified. However, the user is cautioned not to measure disks less than 2 mm thick when using X-ray fluorescence spectrometry. Each packaged disk has been prepared by finishing the test surface using a lathe. The user must determine the correct surface preparation procedure for each analytical technique. The user is cautioned to use care when either resurfacing the disk or performing additional polishing as these processes may contaminate the surface. When not in use, the material should be stored in a cool, dry location. This material was tested using both the solid disks and chips prepared from the disks. The certified values are considered to be representative of the overall average composition of the material.

Selection of Materials: A "batch" or "series" is defined as a single bar of one continuous length and heat. The majority of materials are in wrought condition; other methods of manufacture are utilized as a less desirable resort. ILAP samples are taken by removing a section, a minimum of, every one-twelfth of total length from the entire bar. A portion of the section is converted to chips and thin (pin) disk for analysis by classical wet chemistry, ICP, AA, and combustion procedures, and the balance remains as a thick disk for OES and X-Ray analysis. This systematic sampling procedure results in the homogeneity being reflected as a product of the overall statistics and certified data. This method of homogeneity testing is in accordance with ISO Guide 34, regarding the systematic selection and testing of a representative number of units for the assessment of homogeneity.



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