

Analytical Reference Materials International

Certificate of Analysis Reference Material



Grade: Alloy 16-6-1.5-1.5 / UNS NA

Part Number (Q.A. NO.): IARM 318A

Certificate Date: 12/21/2007

Certificate No.: 318A-12/21/2007 0:00-IARM-R

Revision Date: 12/21/2007

Interpretation of Data

1. Certified values listed below reflect analysis results submitted by qualified analytical laboratories using a combination of methods and instrumentation that emulate actual methods and instrumental techniques currently utilized in the analytical community and are reported as % wt. unless otherwise noted.
2. Any data reported and enclosed by a **parentheses ()** is a **"best estimate"** and is **NOT CERTIFIED**. This data could not be quantified sufficiently for certification. It was however, reported by enough laboratories to be considered as potentially present in the matrix of the material being examined.
3. The "Inter-laboratory Analysis Program" (ILAP) utilized in the establishment of the data are an ongoing program with permanent membership. Certain elements may be selected by a consensus of the members for more extensive testing. Therefore the data in **brackets []** indicates **further testing is in process**.
4. The "**±Estimated Uncertainty**" is enclosed by a **parentheses ()** below the individual **element's concentration** and is based on a Confidence Interval at 95%. Included in this estimated uncertainty, are the combined effects of method imprecision, material inhomogeneity, and any bias between methods.

Important: A "User Registration Card" accompanies all shipments. This card should be completed immediately upon receipt of materials with the appropriate user information. This is the only way in which ARMI can guarantee customer updates or possible data modifications!

<u>Aluminum</u> 0.034 (0.005)	<u>Boron</u> (0.001)	<u>Carbon</u> 0.057 (0.002)	<u>Cobalt</u> 0.052 (0.003)	<u>Chromium</u> 16.0 (0.05)	<u>Copper</u> 1.63 (0.01)	<u>Manganese</u> 1.39 (0.02)
<u>Molybdenum</u> 1.58 (0.02)	<u>Nitrogen</u> (0.039)	<u>Niobium</u> 0.008 (0.003)	<u>Nickel</u> 5.78 (0.04)	<u>Oxygen</u> (0.003) ()	<u>Phosphorus</u> 0.015 (0.001)	<u>Sulfur</u> 0.003 (0.001)
<u>Silicon</u> 0.52 (0.02)	<u>Tantalum</u>	<u>Tin</u> 0.002 (0.001)	<u>Titanium</u> 0.05 (0.005)	<u>Vanadium</u> 0.066 (0.002)	<u>Tungsten</u> 0.020 (0.002)	<u>Zirconium</u>

The laboratories participating in the "Inter-Laboratory Analysis Program" (ILAP) and certification of this material are as follows:

ATI Allvac - Lockport, NY

Carpenter Technology Corporation - Reading, PA

Latrobe Specialty Steel Co. - Latrobe, PA

MSI Testing & Engineering, Inc. - Melrose Park, IL

Bodycote Testing - Portland, OR

Laboratory Testing, Inc. - Hatfield, PA

MetalTek International, Inc. - Waukesha, WI

Rock Island Arsenal - Rock Island, IL

Traceability: All members of the "Inter-Laboratory Analysis Program" (ILAP) listed above validate test methods and instrument performance utilizing SRMs produced by the National Institute of Standards and Technology, (NIST) as well as other CRMs and RMs produced by recognized Certifying Bodies from around the world. The specific SRMs, CRMs, and RMs applicable to the material covered by this certificate are: NIST 362, IARM 27D, IS0077A, CS450, IARM 23B, ALPHA AR511, AR669, LECO 501-503, IARM 5D, 22B, 152B, SS 475, IARM 212A, 239A, BS 88D, 184A, 17-4PHB, CS5, ALPHA AR1652, IARM 21B, 22B, LECO 501-502

A specific line of traceability is established to NIST and other Certifying Bodies for those elements that are noted as "Certified Values" on the Certificates of Analyses referenced above.

See Reverse Side for Statistical Data and Additional Information Regarding this Material.

The following data and accompanying statements represent all pertinent information reported in the ILAP as it applies to the chemical characterization of this material as of 12/21/2007.

318A	Al	B	C	Co	Cr	Cu	Mn	Mo	N	Nb	Ni	O	P	S	Se
1	0.0316	0.0022	0.0560	0.055	15.9207	1.6428	1.416	1.5439	0.0417	0.011	5.6886	0.0026	0.0173	0.0036	
2	0.041	0.0007	0.055	0.0469	16.01	1.63	1.37	1.59	0.0365	0.0039	5.80	0.0025	0.015	0.0044	
3	0.0424	0.0011	0.0625	0.0564	16.0110	1.6361	1.3451	1.5760	0.0397	0.0058	5.778		0.0134	0.0002	
4	0.0273	0.0008	0.0542	0.0501	16.024	1.613	1.411	1.627		0.0104	5.890		0.0158	0.0032	
5	0.0419		0.0566	0.051	16.00	1.6204	1.39885	1.613		0.008	5.7642		0.0160	0.0035	
6	0.028		0.061	0.055	16.03	1.61	1.37	1.60		0.0069	5.75		0.014	0.0039	
7	0.028		0.0556	0.051	16.00	1.618	1.41	1.57			5.78		0.013	0.004	
8	0.037		0.056		15.86	1.641	1.382	1.573			5.81		0.014	0.002	
9	0.033		0.0541			1.661	1.408	1.550			5.716		0.017	0.003	
Mean	0.0345	0.0012	0.0568	0.0522	15.9820	1.6303	1.3901	1.5825	0.0393	0.0077	5.7752	0.0026	0.0151	0.0031	
STDV.	0.0063	0.0007	0.0030	0.0034	0.0597	0.0166	0.0245	0.0276	0.0026	0.0027	0.0579	0.0001	0.0016	0.0013	
Certified	0.034	(0.001)	0.057	0.052	16.0	1.63	1.39	1.58	(0.039)	0.008	5.78	(0.003)	0.015	0.003	
95% C.I.	0.005		0.002	0.003	0.05	0.01	0.02	0.02		0.003	0.04		0.001	0.001	
Methods	X,I,O	I,O	C,O	X,I,O	X,O	X,I,O	X,I,O	X,I,O	F,O	X,I,O	X,O	F	X,I,O	X,C,O	

Legend: W = Classical, C = Combustion, F = Fusion, A = AA or GFAA, I = ICP or DCP, D = DC Arc, O = OE, X = XRF, G = GDMS, H = Hollow Cathode OE

318A	Si	Sn	Ta	Ti	V	W	Ag	As	Bi	Ca	H	Mg	Pb	Zn	Zr
1	0.5419	0.0035	0.0066	0.0596	0.065	0.02		0.0242		0.0004			0.0004		0.0037
2	0.50	0.0002	0.001	0.056	0.0661	0.0208				0.0005			0.0023		
3	0.5576	0.0027		0.0594	0.0628	0.020									
4	0.503	0.0015		0.0564	0.0658	0.018									
5	0.5285	0.0029		0.0462	0.069	0.022									
6	0.51	0.003		0.045	0.067										
7	0.496			0.0518	0.066										
8	0.519			0.061											
9	0.525			0.059											
Mean	0.5201	0.0023	0.0038	0.0549	0.0660	0.0202		0.0242		0.0005			0.0014		0.0037
STDV.	0.0205	0.0012	0.0040	0.0059	0.0019	0.0015				0.0001			0.0013		
Certified	0.52	0.002		0.05	0.066	0.020									
95% C.I.	0.02	0.001		0.005	0.002	0.002									
Methods	X,I,O	X,I,O		X,I,O	X,I,O	X,O									

Legend: W = Classical, C = Combustion, F = Fusion, A = AA or GFAA, I = ICP or DCP, D = DC Arc, O = OE, X = XRF, G = GDMS, H = Hollow Cathode OE

The International Standards Organization (ISO) definitions, expressed in ISO Guide 30-1981- (E) list the following:

Certifying Body: A technically competent body (organization or firm, public or private) that issues a Reference Material Certificate. The only generally accepted certifying body in the United States is the U. S. Department of Commerce, National Institute of Standards & Technology, (NIST), Gaithersburg, MD.


Reference Material (RM): A material or substance with one or more properties which are sufficiently well established to be used for calibration of an apparatus, the assessment of a measurement method, or for assigning values to materials.

Certified Reference Material (CRM): A reference material with one or more properties whose values are certified by a technically valid procedure accompanied by or traceable to a certificate or other documentation, which is issued by a Certifying Body.

Inter-Laboratory Analysis Program (ILAP): Although ASTM Standard E691-87 applies to inter-laboratory studies to "Determine the Precision of a Single Test Method", it is also a well thought out and logical plan for conducting an inter-laboratory program involving multiple techniques. Therefore, the planning, conducting, analyzing, protocol, and treatment of data resulting from this inter-laboratory program were performed utilizing the guidelines established in ASTM E691-87.

Methods of Analysis: In view of the fact, that the "Inter-Laboratory Analysis Program" entails a wide variety of materials, no single analytical method would provide optimum data results. Therefore, the methods utilized were a combination of ASTM Standard Methods for classical wet chemistry, ICP, AA, Optical Emission, and X-Ray spectrometric methods. The determinations for Carbon, Sulfur, Nitrogen, and Oxygen are the result of combustion instrument procedures.

Selection of Materials: A "batch" or "series" is defined as a single bar of one continuous length and heat. The majority of materials are in wrought condition; other methods of manufacture are utilized as a less desirable resort. ILAP samples are taken by removing a section, a minimum of, every one-twelfth of total length from the entire bar. A portion of the section is converted to chips and thin (pin) disk for analysis by classical wet chemistry, ICP, AA, and combustion procedures, and the balance remains as a thick disk for OES and X-Ray analysis. Each member of the ILAP is furnished a sample pack from a specific location on the batch bar. This systematic sampling procedure results in the homogeneity being reflected as a product of the overall statistics and certified data. This method of homogeneity testing is in accordance with ISO Guide 34, regarding the systematic selection and testing of a representative number of units for the assessment of homogeneity.

Certified by: 
 William D. Britt, President/General Manager
 Analytical Reference Materials International

Certificate No.: 318A-12/21/2007 0:00-ARM-F
 Certificate Date: 12/21/2007
 Revision Date/No.: 12/21/2007