

Analytical Reference Materials International

Certificate of Analysis Certified Reference Material

Grade: Alloy C-350 / UNS K93540

Part Number (Q.A. NO.): IARM 309A

Certificate Date: 08/12/2008

Certificate No.: 309A-08122008-IARM-F

Revision Date: 12/03/2014

Interpretation of Data

1. Certified values listed below reflect analysis results submitted by qualified analytical laboratories using a combination of methods and instrumentation that emulate actual methods and instrumental techniques currently utilized in the analytical community and are reported as % wt. unless otherwise noted.
2. Any data reported and enclosed by a **parentheses ()** is a **"best estimate"** and is **NOT CERTIFIED**. This data could not be quantified sufficiently for certification. It was however, reported by enough laboratories to be considered as potentially present in the matrix of the material being examined.
3. The "Inter-laboratory Analysis Program" (ILAP) utilized in the establishment of the data are an ongoing program with permanent membership. Certain elements may be selected by a consensus of the members for more extensive testing. Therefore the data in **brackets []** indicates **further testing is in process**.
4. The "**±Estimated Uncertainty**" is enclosed by a **parentheses ()** below the individual **element's concentration** and is based on a Confidence Interval at 95%. Included in this estimated uncertainty, are the combined effects of method imprecision, material inhomogeneity, and any bias between methods.

Important: A "User Registration Card" accompanies all shipments. This card should be completed immediately upon receipt of materials with the appropriate user information. This is the only way in which ARMI can guarantee customer updates or possible data modifications!

<u>Aluminum</u> 0.11 (0.004)	<u>Antimony</u>	<u>Arsenic</u> (0.004)	<u>Boron</u> 0.0032 (0.0002)	<u>Calcium</u> <0.001	<u>Carbon</u> 0.0059 (0.0001)	<u>Cerium</u>	<u>Chromium</u> 0.053 (0.002)	<u>Cobalt</u> 12.3 (0.1)	<u>Copper</u> 0.023 (0.001)
<u>Hydrogen</u>	<u>Lead</u>	<u>Magnesium</u>	<u>Manganese</u> 0.018 (0.001)	<u>Molybdenum</u> 4.71 (0.01)	<u>Nickel</u> 18.4 (0.1)	<u>Niobium</u> 0.004 (0.001)	<u>Nitrogen</u> 0.0010 (0.0001)	<u>Oxygen</u> 0.0005 (0.0001)	<u>Phosphorus</u> 0.004 (0.001)
<u>Selenium</u>	<u>Silicon</u> 0.020 (0.001)	<u>Sulfur</u> 0.0006 (0.0001)	<u>Tantalum</u> (0.006)	<u>Tin</u> (0.001)	<u>Titanium</u> 1.47 (0.03)	<u>Tungsten</u> 0.01 (0.004)	<u>Vanadium</u> 0.01 (0.004)	<u>Zinc</u>	<u>Zirconium</u> 0.008 (0.001)

The laboratories participating in the "Inter-Laboratory Analysis Program" (ILAP) and certification of this material are as follows:

AB Sandvik Materials Technology - Sweden

ATI Allvac, Lockport - Lockport, NY

Bodycote Testing - Los Angeles, CA

Carpenter Technology Corporation - Reading, PA

Haynes International, Inc. - Kokomo, IN

Latrobe Specialty Steel Co. - Latrobe, PA

Special Metals IncoTest - Hereford, UK

Anderson Laboratories, Inc. - Greendale, WI

ATI Allvac, Monroe - Monroe, NC

Bodycote Testing - Portland, OR

Crucible Research - Pittsburgh, PA

Laboratory Testing, Inc. - Hatfield, PA

MSI Testing & Engineering, Inc. - Melrose Park, IL

Traceability: All members of the "Inter-Laboratory Analysis Program" (ILAP) listed above validate test methods and instrument performance utilizing SRMs produced by the National Institute of Standards and Technology, (NIST) as well as other CRMs and RMs produced by recognized Certifying Bodies from around the world. The specific SRMs, CRMs, and RMs applicable to the material covered by this certificate are: NIST 867, 898, 3102A, 3106, 3107, 3109A, 3128, 3151, 3161A, C35006, LECO 501-550, NIST 1194, 1765, ECRM 099-1, 182-1, 276-2, 295-1, 298-1, BS 152, NILAB 501HA, USS AAE, JAERI R8, JK 27A, NIST 362, 1156, IARM 27D, 99A, 99B, CS MAR250, MAR300, ALPHA AR1648, LECO 502-257, NIST 868, 3101A, 3103A, 3106, 3107, 3109A, 3112A, 3128, 3131A, 3134, 3137, 3139A, 3149, 3155, 3161A, 3162A, 3163, 3165, 3168A, 3169, BS 160, LECO 501-643, ALPHA AR881, NIST 131G, 1763, S279936, LECO 501-674, 502-257, NIST C1287, BS 83D, 84J, 85D, 98, 161A, IARM 184A, SS456/1, SS464/1, SS466/1, SS474, SS1961, NCS NS11013, ALPHA AR644, AR1653, JK 24, LECO 501-714, BCS 351, 454/1, 462/1, HAS 904A, 905A, 907A, R5657, LECO 501-551, 502-102, NIST 153, 364, IARM 44B, 99A, 99B, BCS 398, LECO 501-644, IARM 99A, MBH 14933N, 14934N, VHG 610-0839R, 609-0713, 41/04N, 44/07N, 502-0039, 608-0583, 506-272R, 505-0227R, 44/05N, 701-0012, P44/02RN, 608-0605, IARM 30A, 31A, 98A, 99A, 99B, BS 151A, 161A, LECO 501-501, 501-550, BAS ECRM 295-2, BS 161A, CSN-4, IARM 99A, 99B, CT250, LECO 501-643, 501-674IARM 99B.

A specific line of traceability is established to NIST and other Certifying Bodies for those elements that are noted as "Certified Values" on the Certificates of Analyses referenced above.

See Reverse Side for Statistical Data and Additional Information Regarding this Material.

The following data and accompanying statements represent all pertinent information reported in the ILAP as it applies to the chemical characterization of this material as of 12/03/2014.

309A	Al	B	C	Co	Cr	Cu	Mn	Mo	N	Nb	Ni	O	P	S	Se
1	0.100	0.0030	0.0060	12.01	0.060	0.020	0.021	4.707	0.0009	0.003	18.61	0.00067	0.0050	0.00045	<0.00001
2	0.093	0.0031	0.00565	12.347	0.053	0.018	0.0175	4.710	0.00100	0.0018	18.385	0.0005	0.0029	0.0006	0.001
3	0.1146	0.0038	0.0057	12.384	0.050	0.0227	0.0173	4.71	0.0013	0.0019	18.281	0.00050	0.0029	0.00046	0.00001
4	0.0949	0.00328	0.00602	12.339	0.0526	0.0227	0.019	4.69	0.00086	0.0065	18.344	0.0008	0.0035	0.0006	<0.0001
5	0.1126	0.0032	0.0057	12.342	0.0518	0.0219	0.019	4.68	0.0010	0.0045	18.453	0.0003	0.0049	0.00055	<0.001
6	0.109	0.0033	0.0060	12.18	0.050	0.023	0.0176	4.691	0.0014	0.0029	18.46	0.00023	0.0043	0.0006	<0.00003
7	0.105	0.0030	0.0060	12.36	0.056	0.025	0.01765	4.71	0.0009	0.003	18.36	0.0003	0.0031	0.0005	0.0073
8	0.110	0.0030	0.0060	12.22	0.056	0.020	0.016	4.73	0.0011	0.003	18.28	0.0003	0.0006	0.0007	
9	0.111	0.0036	0.0058	12.02	0.055	0.026	0.019	4.7333	0.0008	0.0062	18.40	0.00074	0.002	0.00065	
10	0.1014	0.0034	0.0060	12.08	0.048	0.0236	0.0209	4.729	0.0009	0.0069	18.40	0.0006	0.0049	0.0004	
11	0.111	0.0030		12.1694	0.052	0.022		4.714	0.001		18.5612	0.00038	0.0032	0.00056	
12	0.113			12.527	0.0507	0.024			0.0012		18.467		0.0065	0.0006	
13	0.111			12.2805		0.0250			0.00097		18.386		0.0027		
14	0.1109			12.360		0.0246			0.0011		18.382		0.0041		
15													0.0046		
Mean	0.1070	0.0032	0.0059	12.2585	0.0529	0.0228	0.0185	4.7095	0.0010	0.0040	18.4121	0.0005	0.0037	0.0006	0.0028
STDV.	0.0070	0.0003	0.0002	0.1509	0.0033	0.0022	0.0016	0.0173	0.0002	0.0019	0.0932	0.0002	0.0014	0.0001	0.0040
Certified	0.11	0.0032	0.0059	12.3	0.053	0.023	0.018	4.71	0.0010	0.004	18.4	0.0005	0.004	0.0006	
95% C.I.	0.004	0.0002	0.0001	0.1	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.01	0.0001	0.001	0.1	0.0001	0.001	0.0001	
Methods	X,I,O	I,O	C,O	X,W,I,O	X,I,O	X,I,O	X,I,O	X,I,O	F,O	X,I,O	X,W,O	F	X,W,I,O	X,C,O	

Legend: W = Classical, C = Combustion, F = Fusion, A = AA or GFAA, I = ICP or DCP, D = DC Arc, O = OE, X = XRF, G = GDMS, H = Hollow Cathode OE

309A	Si	Sn	Ta	Ti	V	W	Ag	As	Bi	Ca	H	Mg	Pb	Zn	Zr
1	0.017	0.00047	0.002	1.49	0.002	0.005	0.000027	0.0050	<0.00001	0.0003	0.000068	<0.0001	0.000002	0.0038	0.007
2	0.0211	0.0008	0.006	1.481	0.0126	0.005	0.00001	0.0020	0.0020	0.00033	0.00001	0.0001	0.0040	0.0010	0.0091
3	0.0186	0.0014	0.0080	1.504	0.0179	0.0128	<0.0002	0.0025	0.00001	0.0009	0.00021	<0.00001	0.00004	0.00002	0.0088
4	0.018	0.0008	0.0070	1.505	0.0182	0.0157	<0.00002	0.0060	<0.0001	0.0017	0.00003	0.0002	<0.0005		0.0046
5	0.017	0.0025		1.439	0.0065	0.010		0.0017	<0.00003				0.003		0.0100
6	0.020	0.0008		1.46	0.0222	0.02		0.0069	0.0003						0.010
7	0.022	0.0016		1.486	0.011	0.018									0.0075
8	0.0215	0.0023		1.488	0.02	0.0030									0.0103
9	0.017			1.45	0.0137	0.003									0.011
10	0.021			1.39	0.0048	0.0074									0.0048
11	0.0211			1.5592	0.0017	0.0044									0.0092
12	0.0214			1.500	0.0072	0.0115									
13				1.477	0.0168										
14				1.391											
Mean	0.0196	0.0013	0.0058	1.4729	0.0119	0.0097	0.0000	0.0040	0.0008	0.0008	0.0001	0.0002	0.0018	0.0016	0.0084
STDV.	0.0020	0.0008	0.0026	0.0450	0.0070	0.0060	0.0000	0.0022	0.0011	0.0007	0.0001	0.0001	0.0020	0.0020	0.0022
Certified	0.020	(0.001)	(0.006)	1.47	0.01	0.01		(0.004)		<0.001					0.008
95% C.I.	0.001			0.03	0.004	0.004									0.001
Methods	X,W,I,O	X,H,I,O	X,I	X,I,O	X,I,O	X,I,O		H,I,O		I,O					X,I,O

Legend: W = Classical, C = Combustion, F = Fusion, A = AA or GFAA, I = ICP or DCP, D = DC Arc, O = OE, X = XRF, G = GDMS, H = Hollow Cathode OE

The International Standards Organization (ISO) definitions, expressed in ISO Guide 30-1992 list the following:

Certifying Body: Any technically competent body (organization or firm, public or private) that issues a reference material certificate, which provides the information, detailed in ISO Guide 31. The only generally accepted certifying body in the United States for primary standards - Standard Reference Materials (SRM) is the U. S. Department of Commerce, National Institute of Standards & Technology, (NIST), Gaithersburg, MD. All other certifying bodies in the United States produce Reference Materials (RM) or Certified Reference Materials (CRM).

Reference Material (RM): Material or substance one or more of whose property values are sufficiently homogeneous and well established to be used for the calibration of an apparatus, the assessment of a measurement method, or for assigning values to materials.

Certified Reference Material (CRM): Reference material, accompanied by a certificate, one or more of whose property values are certified by a procedure, which establishes its traceability to an accurate realization of the unit in which the property values are expressed, and for which each certified value is accompanied by an uncertainty at a stated level of confidence.

Inter-Laboratory Analysis Program (ILAP): Although ASTM Standard E691-87 applies to inter-laboratory studies to "Determine the Precision of a Single Test Method", it is also a well thought out and logical plan for conducting an inter-laboratory program involving multiple techniques. Therefore, the planning, conducting, analyzing, protocol, and treatment of data resulting from this inter-laboratory program were performed utilizing the guidelines established in ASTM E691-87.

Methods of Analysis: In view of the fact, that the "Inter-laboratory Analysis Program" entails a wide variety of materials, no single analytical method would provide optimum data results. Therefore, the methods utilized were a combination of ASTM Standard Methods for classical wet chemistry, ICP, AA, Optical Emission, and X-Ray spectrometric methods. The determinations for Carbon, Sulfur, Nitrogen, and Oxygen are the result of combustion and OE instrument procedures.

Expiration of Certification: The certification of this IARM is valid indefinitely, within the uncertainty specified, provided the IARM is handled and stored in accordance with the instructions stated on this certificate. The certification is nullified if the IARM is damaged, contaminated, otherwise modified, or used in a manner for which it was not intended.

Instructions for Use: The test surface is the side opposite to the labeled surface, which includes the IARM number. The entire thickness of the unit is certified. However, the user is cautioned not to measure disks less than 2 mm thick when using X-ray fluorescence spectrometry. Each packaged disk has been prepared by finishing the test surface using a lathe. The user must determine the correct surface preparation procedure for each analytical technique. The user is cautioned to use care when either resurfacing the disk or performing additional polishing as these processes may contaminate the surface. When not in use, the material should be stored in a cool, dry location. This material was tested using both the solid disks and chips prepared from the disks. The certified values are considered representative of the overall average composition of the material. **Chips are not intended to be used for Oxygen analysis.**

Selection of Materials: A "batch" or "series" is defined as a single bar of one continuous length and heat. The majority of materials are in wrought condition; other methods of manufacture are utilized as a less desirable resort. ILAP samples are taken by removing a section, a minimum of, every one-twelfth of total length from the entire bar. A portion of the section is converted to chips and thin (pin) disk for analysis by classical wet chemistry, ICP, AA, and combustion procedures, and the balance remains as a thick disk for OES and X-Ray analysis. This systematic sampling procedure results in the homogeneity being reflected as a product of the overall statistics and certified data. This method of homogeneity testing is in accordance with ISO Guide 34, regarding the systematic selection and testing of a representative number of units for the assessment of homogeneity.

Daniel Geist

Daniel Geist, Operations Manager
Analytical Reference Materials International, Part of LGC Standards

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