Analytical Reference Materials International

Certificate of Analysis Certified Reference Material



Grade: AISI 4820 / UNS G48200

Part Number (Q.A. NO.): IARM 155B

Certification Date: 06/12/2003 Certificate No.: 155B-06122003-IARM-F Revision Date: 02/05/2004

Interpretation of Data

- 1. Certified values listed below reflect analysis results submitted by qualified analytical laboratories using a combination of methods and instrumentation that emulate actual methods and instrumental techniques currently utilized in the analytical community.
- 2. Any data reported and enclosed by a **parentheses** () is a "best estimate" and is NOT CERTIFIED. This data could not be quantified sufficiently for certification. It was however, reported by enough laboratories to be considered as potentially present in the matrix of the material being examined.
- 3. The "Inter-laboratory Analysis Program" (ILAP) utilized in the establishment of the data are an ongoing program with permanent membership. Certain elements may be selected by a consensus of the members for more extensive testing. Therefore the data in **brackets** [] **indicates further testing is in process.**
- 4. The "±Estimated Uncertainty" is enclosed by a parentheses () below the individual element's concentration and is based on a Confidence Interval at 95%. Included in this estimated uncertainty, are the combined effects of method imprecision, material inhomogeneity, and any bias between methods.

Important: A "User Registration Card" accompanies all shipments. This card should be completed immediately upon receipt of materials with the appropriate user information. This is the only way in which ARMI can guarantee customer updates or possible data modifications!

Aluminum 0.027 (0.001)	<u>Antimony</u> (0.001)	Arsenic 0.0038 (0.0004)	Boron 0.0002 (0.0001)	Calcium 0.0026 (0.0003)	Carbon 0.207 (0.004)	Chromium 0.149 (0.003)	Cobalt 0.011 (0.001)
Copper 0.152 (0.002)	<u>Lead</u> 0.0005 (0.0002)	Manganese 0.635 (0.002)	Molybdenum 0.239 (0.002)	Nickel 3.57 (0.02)	Niobium 0.0024 (0.0006)	Nitrogen 0.0080 (0.0002)	Oxygen 0.0017 (0.0005)
Phosphorus 0.009 (0.001)	<u>Sulfur</u> 0.028 (0.001)	Silicon 0.313 (0.003)	<u>Tin</u> 0.008 (0.0005)	Titanium 0.003 (0.0003)	<u>Tungsten</u> (0.01)	Vanadium 0.003 (0.001)	Zirconium 0.002 (0.001)

The laboratories participating in the "Inter-Laboratory Analysis Program" (ILAP) and certification of this material are as follows:

AK Steel, Butler Works - Butler, PA
Anderson Laboratories, Inc. - Greendale, WI
Crucible Specialty Metals - Syracuse, NY
Laboratory Testing, Inc. - Hatfield, PA
Republic Technologies Int'l. - Canton, OH
The Timken Company - Canton, OH

Algoma Steel Corp. - Sault Ste. Marie, Ontario, Canada Colorado Metallurgical Services - Denver, CO International Steel Group - East Chicago, IN Lockheed Martin Astronautics - Littleton, CO Staveley Services Materials Testing - Gary, IN Wheeling Pittsburgh Steel Corp. - Mingo Junction, OH

Traceability: All members of the "Inter-Laboratory Analysis Program" (ILAP) listed above validate test methods and instrument performance utilizing SRMs produced by the National Institute of Standards and Technology, (NIST) as well as other CRMs and RMs produced by recognized Certifying Bodies from around the world. The specific SRMs, CRMs and RMs applicable to the material covered by this certificate are: NIST 50C, 368, 1090, 153A, 344, 362, 1761, 1762, 1763, 1764, 1765, 1766, 1767, 1254, ST01, ST02, ST03, ST04, ST05, ST06, NIST 1160, 1161, 1162, 1163, 1164, 1261, 1262, 1263, 1264, 1265, 1761, 1762, 1763, 1764, 1765, 1766, 1767, 337a, 1754, JSS ST01, ST02, ST03, ST04, ST05, ST06, 168-4, 169-4, 170-4, 171-4, 172-4, 173-4, 174-4, 175-4, BAS 401/1, 402/1, 403/1, 404/1, 405/1, 406/1, 407/1, 408/2, 409/2, 410/2, 14, 14B, XEEH, XAAS, XCCV, XCCS, CA-1, CA-2, CA-3, CA-4, CA1A, CA2A, CA3A, LECO 501-510, 501-645, NIST 179, 1761, 1762, 1763, 1764, 1765, 1766, 1767, 341, 73C, 32E, BS 56C, LECO 502-106, 501-553, 501-679, AK B-85, NIST 361, LECO 501-553, 501-643, ALPHA AR512, NIST 1261A, 1262A, 1263A, 1264A, 1265A, 1761, 1762, 1763, 1764, 1765, 1766, 1767, 809B, LECO 502-102, NIST 368, 337A, BS 2942, LECO 501-256, NIST 1226, 1261A, 1262A, 1265A, C1151, C1152, C1153, C1154, 1155, 1193, 1194, 1195, 1230, C2400, JSS 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, BCS331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, ARMCO 8709, 8710, 8711, 8712, MBH14933, 14934, 14935, BSC 401/1, 402/1, 403/1, BS 58C, 51C, 170H, NIST 1217, 13G, 361, 362, 363, 364, IARM 155A, LECO 501-676, 501-551, BS 13, 2972, LECO 501-553, NIST 1763, 1766, 100B, 361, NIST 1761, 1762, 1763, 1764, 1765, 1766, 1767, SUS RE1212, D/8, C/8, INOX, BS CSN2-1, CSN3, CSN4, AR 871, 873, BS 60C, 58C, LECO 501-643, BS 2942

A specific line of traceability is established to NIST and other Certifying Bodies for those elements that are noted as "Certified Values" on the Certificates of Analyses referenced above.

See Reverse Side for Statistical Data and Additional Information Regarding this Material.

The following data and accompanying statements represent all pertinent information reported in the ILAP as it applies to the chemical characterization of this material as of 02/05/2004.

155B	Al	В	С	Co	Cr	Cu	Mn	Mo	N	Nb	Ni	0	P	Pb	S
1	0.024	0.0002	0.2093	0.0112	0.150	0.15	0.638	0.238	0.00781	0.0020	3.54	0.00125	0.009	0.0002	0.027
2	0.026	0.00013	0.210	0.0113	0.153	0.154	0.633	0.242	0.00799	0.0014	3.649	0.0012	0.009	0.0005	0.0292
3	0.0257	0.0002	0.2101	0.0125	0.146	0.154	0.6377	0.244	0.0075	0.002	3.580	0.0024	0.0080	0.0008	0.0294
4	0.0248	0.0001	0.2037	0.012	0.1449	0.154	0.638	0.2437	0.0078	0.0040	3.569	0.0011	0.0096	0.0007	0.0283
5	0.0264	0.0002	0.208	0.0145	0.148	0.1507	0.638	0.237	0.0085	0.0041	3.618	0.00179	0.0067	0.0008	0.0282
6	0.0259	0.0004	0.219	0.008	0.153	0.151	0.6312	0.239	0.0077	0.0015	3.533	0.0020	0.0094	0.0003	0.0295
7	0.029	0.00031	0.1915	0.009	0.1413	0.156	0.6296	0.2416	0.00841	0.0031	3.623	0.0012	0.008	0.0007	0.029
8	0.0254	0.0001	0.197	0.011	0.159	0.1599	0.637	0.240	0.0080	0.0004	3.56	0.0024	0.0085	0.0003	0.0267
9	0.0308	0.00028	0.210	0.013	0.147	0.149	0.6344	0.243	0.0076	0.0030	3.561		0.0100		0.026
10	0.027	0.0005	0.209	0.0092	0.154	0.148	0.635	0.235	0.0083	0.0017	3.53		0.0090		0.026
11	0.0285		0.210	0.012	0.143	0.14749	0.63455	0.239	0.00813	0.003	3.53		0.0092		0.0298
12	0.029		0.20925		0.15241	0.1566	0.637	0.23366	0.0081	0.003115	3.584		0.010		0.0297
13	0.02767		0.2103		0.148	0.149		0.239	0.0088	0.0025	3.569		0.00679		0.02629
14	0.0279		0.197		0.150			0.238		0.0015			0.0107		0.0288
15	0.028												0.008		0.029
Mean	0.0273	0.0002	0.2065	0.0113	0.1492	0.1525	0.6350	0.2396	0.0081	0.0024	3.5755	0.0017	0.0088	0.0006	0.0283
STDV.	0.0017	0.0001	0.0074	0.0020	0.0050	0.0039	0.0029	0.0032	0.0004	0.0011	0.0382	0.0006	0.0012	0.0002	0.0014
Certified	0.027	0.0002	0.207	0.011	0.149	0.152	0.635	0.239	0.0080	0.0024	3.57	0.0017	0.009	0.0005	0.028
95% C.I.	0.001	0.0001	0.004	0.001	0.003	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.0002	0.0006	0.02	0.0005	0.001	0.0002	0.001
Methods	A,I,O	0	C,O	X,D,I,O	X,I,O	X,I,O	X,I,O	X,I,O	F,O	X,I,O	X,I,O	F	X,I,O	D,A,I,O	C,O
Methods: W - Classical C - Combustion F - Fusion A - AA or GFAA I - ICP or DCP D - DC Are O - OF X - VRF G-CDMS															

Methods: W = Classical, C = Combustion, F = Fusion, A = AA or GFAA, I = ICP or DCP, D = DC Arc, O = OE, X = XRF, G=GDMS															
155B	Si	Sn	Ti	v	W	As	Bi	Ca	Cd	Mg	Sb	Se	Ta	Zn	Zr
1	0.317	0.009	0.003	0.003	0.0148	0.0035	< 0.0001	0.0022		0.0005	0.0011	0.002	0.0015	0.006	0.0011
2	0.317	0.0091	0.0023	0.0018	0.013	0.0039	< 0.001	0.00232		< 0.001	0.0017	0.002	< 0.0001	0.0004	0.0009
3	0.315	0.0069	0.003	0.0039	0.0068	0.0035		0.0026			0.0008	0.002	0.006	0.002	0.0034
4	0.308	0.0078	0.0022	0.0014	0.0103	0.0045		0.0030			0.001	0.004	< 0.01		0.002
5	0.310	0.0083	0.0021	0.0021	0.012	0.0030		0.0031			0.001		< 0.001		0.003
6	0.316	0.008	0.003	0.003	0.006	0.00401		0.00264					0.003		0.0020
7	0.3141	0.0093	0.0023	0.0025	0.0057	0.0041		0.0024							0.00149
8	0.304	0.0079	0.0026	0.0003	0.0073	0.0035									0.0006
9	0.316	0.008	0.0032	0.0023											0.0015
10	0.313	0.00863	0.0031	0.0049											
11	0.30768	0.0092	0.002	0.003925											
12	0.3138	0.008	0.0026	0.0029											
13	0.318		0.003	0.002											
Mean	0.3130	0.0083	0.0027	0.0026	0.0094	0.0038	#DIV/0!	0.0026	#DIV/0!	0.0005	0.0011	0.0025	0.0035	0.0028	0.0018
STDV.	0.0043	0.0007	0.0004	0.0012	0.0034	0.0005	#DIV/0!	0.0003	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0.0003	0.0010	0.0023	0.0029	0.0009
Certified	0.313	0.008	0.003	0.003	(0.01)	0.0038		0.0026			(0.001)	(0.002)			0.002
95% C.I.	0.003	0.0005	0.0003	0.001		0.0004		0.0003							0.001
Mathada	VWO	VIO	VIO	VIO	VIO	DAO		0			4.0	VΩ			1.0

Methods: W = Classical, C = Combustion, F = Fusion, A = AA or GFAA, I = ICP or DCP, D = DC Arc, O = OE, X = XRF, G=GDMS

The International Standards Organization (ISO) definitions, expressed in ISO Guide 30-1981-(E) list the following:

<u>Certifying Body:</u> A technically competent body (organization or firm, public or private) that issues a Reference Material Certificate. The only generally accepted certifying body in the United States is the U. S. Department of Commerce, National Institute of Standards & Technology, (NIST), Gaithersburg, MD

Reference Material (RM): A material or substance with one or more properties which are sufficiently well established to be used for calibration of an apparatus, the assessment of a measurement method, or for assigning values to materials.

<u>Certified Reference Material (CRM):</u> A reference material with one or more properties whose values are certified by a technically valid procedure accompanied by or traceable to a certificate or other documentation, which is issued by a Certifying Body.

Inter-Laboratory Analysis Program (ILAP): Although ASTM Standard E691-87 applies to inter-laboratory studies to "Determine the Precision of a Single Test Method", it is also a well thought out and logical plan for conducting an inter-laboratory program involving multiple techniques. Therefore, the planning, conducting, analyzing, protocol, and treatment of data resulting from this inter-laboratory program were performed utilizing the guidelines established in ASTM E691-87.

Methods of Analysis: In view of the fact, that the "Inter-Laboratory Analysis Program" entails a wide variety of materials, no single analytical method would provide optimum data results. Therefore, the methods utilized were a combination of ASTM Standard Methods for classical wet chemistry, ICP, AA, Optical Emission and X-Ray spectrometric methods. The determinations for Carbon, Sulfur, Nitrogen, and Oxygen are the result of combustion instrument procedures.

Selection of Materials: A "batch" or "series" is defined as a single bar of one continuous length. The majority of materials are in wrought condition. Other methods of manufacture are utilized as a last resort, only in the case of those materials being unavailable in wrought condition. "Batch" samples are taken by removing a one-inch cross section for every thirteen inches of total length from the entire bar. Twenty-five percent of the one inch cross section is converted to chips for analysis by classical wet chemistry, ICP, AA, and combustion procedures and seventy-five percent remains in a solid disk form for OES and X-Ray analysis where applicable. Each member of the ILAP is furnished both a solid sample and the corresponding supply of chips from a specific location on the batch bar. This massive sampling procedure results in the homogeneity being reflected as a product of the overall statistics and certified data.

Certified by: Will

William D. Britt, President/General Manager Analytical Reference Materials International Certificate No.: 155B-06122003-ARM-F Certification Date: 06/12/2003

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